

# SAFETY INFORMATION SHEET



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## SECTION 1 – IDENTITY

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**Manufacturer:** DICKSON CONSTANT      **MSDS Request or Information:** [estevens@dickson-constant.com](mailto:estevens@dickson-constant.com)  
**Contact:** Eric STEVENS

**Address:** 10, rue des Châteaux  
59290 WASQUEHAL  
FRANCE

**Date Prepared:** June 2012  
**Last Revised:** NA

**Common Name:** Orchestra® Awning Fabrics

**CAS No:** NA

**Chemical Name:** NA

**Chemical Family:** Polyacrylic

**Formula:** Fluorocarbon and resin treated, woven acrylic fabrics

**HMIS:**            **Health 0**                      **Fire 1**                      **Reactivity 0**                      **Other NA**

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## SECTION 2 – HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

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Hazardous Components	Fabric Content	Cas N°
Formaldehyde	<0.1% w/w**	50-00-0

Fabric formaldehyde content as determined by Oekotex 100

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### SECTION 3 - PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

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<b>Boiling Point:</b>	NA	<b>Specific Gravity (H<sub>2</sub>O=1):</b>	ND
<b>Vapor Pressure (mm Hg):</b>	NA	<b>Vapor Density (Air=1):</b>	NA
<b>Evaporation Rate (BuAc=1):</b>	NA	<b>Solubility in Water:</b>	Insoluble
<b>Melting Point:</b>	ND	<b>Volatility:</b>	NA
<b>Appearance and Odor:</b>	Woven fabric, various colors.		

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### SECTION 4 - FIRE & EXPLOSION DATA

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<b>Flash Point:</b>	NA	<b>Flammable Limits:</b>	ND
<b>Auto Ignition Temperature:</b>	ND; Base fiber decomposition temperature: 280 Degrees C		
<b>Extinguishing Media:</b>	Water spray, carbon dioxide, foam, and dry chemical.		
<b>Special Fire-Fighting Procedures:</b>	Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing devices due to potentially hazardous thermal decomposition products.		
<b>Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:</b>	Avoid skin contact with molten material.		

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### SECTION 5 - PHYSICAL HAZARDS (REACTIVITY DATA)

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<b>Stability:</b>	Stable	<b>Conditions to Avoid:</b>	None
<b>Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid):</b>	Strong acids, oxidizers		
<b>Hazardous Decomposition Products:</b>	Thermal decomposition may produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, ammonia, nitrogen oxides, hydrocarbons, hydrogen cyanide, hydrogen fluoride, acrylic monomer, smoke, soot, and other toxics dependent on specific conditions.		
<b>Hazardous Polymerization:</b>	Will not occur.	<b>Conditions to avoid:</b>	None

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## SECTION 6 – HEALTH HAZARDS

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**Primary Routes of Exposure:** Inhalation, skin contact

**Aggravated by Exposure:** may not be able to handle fabric.

### **First-Aid Procedures**

**Eye:** Treat as foreign body. Flush with water if irritation occurs, see a physician if irritation persists.

**Skin:** If irritation occurs, wash with mild soap and water. Prevent further contact and see a physician if irritation persists.

**Inhalation:** Not a concern with fabrics.

**Ingestion:** Not a concern with fabrics. Treat symptomatically and supportively if necessary.

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## SECTION 7 – SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS AND SPILL/LEAK PROCEDURES

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**Precautions to be Taken in Handling and Storage:** None

**Other Precautions:** None

**Steps to be taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled:** Sweep and scoop up. Place in trash can.

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## SECTION 8 – SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION/CONTROL MEASURES

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**Respiratory Protection:** Not necessary.

**Ventilation:** ventilation normally adequate.

**Protective Gloves:** Not normally required. If necessary, use latex or other rubber gloves to prevent skin contact.

**Eye Protection:** Not necessary

**Other Protective Clothing or Equipment:** None

**Work/Hygienic Practices:** None